

# Coláiste Rís

Anti-Bullying Policy 2021/22

# **Anti-Bullying Policy**

- 1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Coláiste Rís, Dundalk has **adopted the following anti-bullying policy** within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:
  - (a) A positive school culture and climate which
    - is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
    - encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
    - promotes respectful relationships across the school community;
  - (b) Effective leadership which builds leadership capacity within the entire school community;
  - (c) A school-wide, consistent approach;
  - (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact;
  - (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
    - build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
    - explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
    - effective supervision and monitoring of pupils;
  - (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils
  - (g) Supports and professional development for staff
- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
  - (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.

#### 3. Definitions:

In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

"Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time."

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools.* 

#### The following is a non-exhaustive list of examples of bullying behaviour:

General behaviours which apply to all types of bullying	<ul> <li>Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc.</li> <li>Physical aggression</li> <li>Damage to property</li> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Slagging</li> <li>The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person</li> <li>Offensive graffiti</li> <li>Extortion</li> <li>Intimidation</li> <li>Insulting or offensive gestures</li> <li>The "look"</li> </ul>
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	a Invasion of norconal chase			
	Invasion of personal space  A combination of any of the types listed.			
	<ul> <li>A combination of any of the types listed.</li> </ul>			
Extortionate	To extort items such as money and/or other property or to force			
	students to carry out actions against their will.			
	, G			
	Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's			
Cyber	reputation			
	Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing			
	messages to an individual			
	Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under			
	another person's name			
	Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an			
	online fight			
	<ul> <li>Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online</li> </ul>			
	Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising infor-			
	mation or images			
	Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group			
	Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes			
	a person considerable fear for his/her safety			
	Silent telephone/mobile phone call			
	Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls			
	Abusive text messages			
	Abusive email			
	Abusive communication on social networks e.g. Face-			
	book/Ask.fm/ Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles			
	<ul> <li>Creation of inappropriate or malicious social media accounts.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Creating inappropriate online content.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>The sharing and/or engaging with inappropriate and/or malicious</li> </ul>			
	online content.			
	Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures			
	Abusive posts on any form of communication technology			
Identity Based Behaviou				
	liscriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including			
	family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and member-			
ship of the Traveller comr				
	Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation			
Homophobic and	Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation			
Transgender	<ul> <li>Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory man-</li> </ul>			
	ner			
	Physical intimidation or attacks  Threads			
	Threats  Piceriseination projection agreements on insults about calcumps.			
Paco nationality others	Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class religious beliefs, others or traveller.			
Race, nationality, ethnic background and	tionality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller			
membership of the				
Traveller community	·			
Traveller community				

Relational	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include:  Malicious gossip Isolation & exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away "Bitching" Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way	
Sexual	<ul> <li>Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching</li> <li>Harassment</li> </ul>	
Special Educational Needs, Disability	<ul> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues.</li> <li>Mimicking a person's disability</li> <li>Setting others up for ridicule</li> </ul>	

# 4. Effects of Bullying:

We encourage staff, parents/guardians and students to look out for the following signs which may occur as a consequence of bullying:

- Fear
- Inability to sleep, lack of sleep or poor sleeping patterns
- Reluctance to go to school
- Anxiety
- Negative attitude / difficult / argumentative
- Depression
- Bruises, cuts, sprains, scratches, or torn clothes
- Reduced self-esteem
- Damage to or loss of property
- Lack of concentration on school work
- Suicidal thoughts and/or self harm
- Feeling of isolation
- Lack of communication
- Break up of friendships/relationships

## 5. Reporting Bullying:

We actively encourage an ethos of openness, honesty and transparency. All members of the school community have a responsibility and duty to report alleged bullying incidents. A student, parent, guardian or other member of the school community may report bullying concerns verbally or in writing.

We encourage students to report issues directly to their form tutor, year head, deputy principal, or principal. Equally, we encourage parents/guardians to report concerns regarding bullying to the student's year head. However, if this is not possible or appropriate, a student may report to any member of staff in the school including: Year Head, Deputy Principal, Principal, Caretaker, Special Needs Assistant, Office Staff or Cleaner.

In addition, students may also relay concerns to "The Bully Box" which is located outside the Deputy Principals office on the ground floor of the school.

#### 6. The relevant teachers in Coláiste Rís are:

- Principal
- Deputy Principal
- Year heads
- Guidance counsellor

Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.

#### 7. Education and Prevention Strategies:

- To perpetuate Coláiste Rís's anti-bullying ethos it is important that the anti-bullying message is undertaken as a whole school approach.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.

- Regular Staff Meeting and training provided for new members of staff on the anti-bullying policy and procedures.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Involvement of the student council in contributing to a safe school environment:
  - o Rice mentor,
  - Lunchtime Pals and other student support activities that can help to support pupils and encourage a culture of peer respect and support.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying code for the school-to be included in student journals and displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s and is made available to view on the school website along with the Code of Behaviour.

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- The implementation of regular whole school awareness measures
  - a dedicated notice board "Wellbeing Board" in the school on the promotion of friendship, and bullying prevention;
  - Advocacy group
  - Stand Up Week
  - AntiBullying Week
  - Crazy Sock Day (Down Syndrome Awareness Day)
  - o Beat the Blues Talk
  - Stewardship week (Student Council)
  - o 'Tackle Bullying' programme undertaken and delivered by TYs
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
  - o Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
  - Hand note up with homework.
  - Make a phone call to the school or to a trusted teacher in the school.
  - Anti-bully Box
  - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
  - Administer a confidential questionnaire once a term to all pupils.
  - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Identify clear protocols to encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they
  suspect that their child is being bullied. The protocol should be developed in consultation
  with parents.

• The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones.

#### Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE, CSPE and Wellbeing curricula and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
  - Study skills
  - Healthy Eating
  - Bullying/Bodywhys
  - o Being Active
  - Internet Safety/Webwise
  - Positive Thinking
  - Mindfulness through art
- Form class time used to target relevant issues:
  - o Edmund Rice information week
  - AntiBullying information
  - Mental Health Awareness
  - Student Council Information and nominations
  - o Study Skills
  - Charity Advocacy
- Staff are encouraged to engage in continuous professional development in delivering these programmes.
- Delivery of the Garda SPHE Programmes at post- primary level. These lessons, delivered by Community Gardai, cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.

### 8. Procedures for investigating and dealing with bullying incidents

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

#### Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

#### **Investigating and dealing with incidents:**

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- In cases of the creation or engagement of inappropriate online content, the school may contact the Gardai and/or parents;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist
  the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of
  the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible, incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all
  pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to
  questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved may be met as a group if appropriate. Should the group meeting take place, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face
  them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
  It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of
  the incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

#### Follow up and recording:

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
  - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
  - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
  - -Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;

- -Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a
  view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is
  ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case
  in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

#### **Recording of bullying behaviour**

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

#### Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Consideration needs to be given to where the records will be made e.g. incident book. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

#### Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- Written records of bullying are kept on file by Year Heads in their care folders which are brought to care meetings weekly. They are also stored in hardcopy in the Deputy Principals Office.

#### Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal or deputy principal as applicable.

All instances of bullying of a serious nature must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal or deputy principal.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. These records are kept in the deputy principal's office with access restricted to only the principal and deputy principal. These records are held for a period of 7 years.

#### **Established intervention strategies**

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing
- Implementing questionnaires
- Peer mediation where suitable training has been given

## 9. Supporting those affected:

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying
  to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
  - Pastoral care system
  - Buddy / Peer mentoring system
  - Tutor/Year head system
  - Care team / Student Support Team
  - Group work
- If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

#### 10. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and Practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

#### 11. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

#### This policy was adopted by the Board of Management on 2023.

This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website (and is otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association. A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.

This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website (and readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association. A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed	l:	Signed:	
	(Chairperson of Board of (Management)	(Principal)	
Date: _		Date:	
Date o	f next review:		